



Virginia Latino Advisory Board

Advocating for the Interests of Latinos across the Commonwealth

**2008
Report**

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Mrs. Gaby Rengifo, *Yorktown*
Vice-Chair

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Dr. Maricel Quintana-Baker, *Midlothian*

Mr. Michel Zajur, *Midlothian*

Dr. Yolanda Puyana, *Roanoke*

Ex-Officio Members

Mr. Doug Garcia, Assistant Secretary of Education
Education

Ms. Alexis Thornton-Crump, VDOT's Assistant Division Administrator in Civil Rights
Transportation

Mr. Michael Royster, Director, VDH Office of Minority Health and Public Health Policy
Health & Human Resources

The Honorable David Smith, Deputy Secretary of Commerce & Trade
Commerce & Trade

Ms. Dawn Smith, Assistant Secretary of Public Safety
Public Safety

Ms. Aryana Khalid, Deputy Secretary of Health & Human Resources
Health & Human Resources

Office of the Governor Liaison

Ms. Sindy M. Benavides
Director of Gubernatorial Appointments & Latino Liaison

A complete copy of this report may be found on our website at:

www.vlab.virginia.gov

Or by contacting:

**Office of the Governor
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Report prepared by members of the Virginia Latino Advisory Board

Commonwealth of Virginia

2008

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Virginia Latino Advisory Board

Advocating for the Interests of Latinos across the Commonwealth

January 25, 2009
Governor Timothy M. Kaine
1111 East Broad Street
Richmond, VA 23219

Dear Governor Kaine:

It is an honor to convey greetings to you on behalf of all the members of the Virginia Latino Advisory Board. We are delighted to present to you our final report regarding the first and very successful Governors' Latino Summit 2008. We reiterate to you our gratitude for honoring us with your presence at the summit and for your unwavering support. Your use of the Spanish language when addressing our community, as you did during our event, conveys your message that our commonwealth is inclusive and welcomes its diverse population.

VLAB is proud to have fulfilled the mission that we set out to accomplish with our Summit. We informed service providers about state services and resources that are available to all Virginians with a focus on the Latino population in the areas of Demographics, Education, Health & Human Resources and Public Safety. We served As a bridge of communication so that our state agencies could bring information directly to service providers. From the voluntary surveys answered, we estimate that the information shared during the summit will have a positive impact in our community, and reach people in all geographic regions of Virginia.

To convene a state wide summit was a long term goal of our community and the members of our Board. We accomplished it by meeting 8 times between January and October 2008. Most of our meetings were in Richmond, but we managed to visit two other regions in Virginia, The Eastern Shore and Chester County. To strengthen VLAB's board, we implemented some changes by adding the positions of Secretary and Treasurer to the Executive Committee.

We capitalized and were able to reap the rewards of the good relationships that all of our board members have been able to establish during their many years of service in our community. The outstanding spirit of cooperation in our Commonwealth made possible to bring to fruition an event of this magnitude without the use of public funds. We want to acknowledge Institutions and Individuals that made our summit possible thanks to their support. A list is included after this letter to express our appreciation.

The members of the Virginia Latino Advisory Board are proud to serve under your leadership Governor Kaine, and by your side, we want to serve as a conduit to address the needs of our community and to improve the life of Latinos in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

With respect and our warmest regards,

Beatriz Amberman
Chair, Virginia Latino Advisory Board

Dr. Gresilda Tilley-Lubbs
Secretary

Gaby Rengifo
Vice Chair

Peter Loach
Treasurer



Virginia Latino Advisory Board

Advocating for the Interests of Latinos across the Commonwealth

Appreciation and Acknowledgements

The Virginia Latino Advisory Board is proud of the great success achieved during the first Governors' Latino Summit 2008, and we want to acknowledge the valuable contribution and support of everyone that contributed to make The Governor's Latino Summit a reality.

John Tyler Community College, host of The Governor's Latino Summit 2008

Dr. Marshall W. Smith, President, John Tyler Community College

Dr. Mirta M. Martin, Executive Vice President, John Tyler Community College

Susan Bernardo, Facilities Coordinator, John Tyler Community College

Virginia Hispanic Chamber of Commerce, host of the closing reception

Ms. Marjorie Burdetsky, Chief Operating Officer, Capital Meeting Planning, Inc. host of registration

Ms. Marcie Rengifo, graphic design.

VLAB was able to offer the summit free of charge to its participants and gave attendees the option to cover the cost of their lunch or bring their own. The lower price of the lunch was made possible thanks to the support of Dr. Mirta M. Martin, Executive Vice President, John Tyler Community College, and Mr. Peter Loach's Organization, Piedmont Housing of Charlottesville, VA.

Mrs Amberman and Mrs. Rengifo, Chair and Vice Chair of the Board respectively, donated signage, coffee, water, and the paper goods during the event. The Hampton Roads Hispanic Chamber of Commerce and One of a Kind Landscapes and Home Remodeling Inc., donated door prizes.

Thanks to our Summit Speakers

The Honorable Walter Tejada, Chairman, Arlington County Board

Susan Minushkin, Assistant Director, Pew Hispanic Center, Washington, DC

Douglas García, Assistant Secretary of Education, Commonwealth of Virginia

Judy Radford, ESL Coordinator, Virginia Department of Education

Craig Herndon, Director of Career and Educational Resources, Virginia Community College System

Karen Remley, MD, MBA, FAAP, Commissioner, Virginia Department of Health

Michael Royster, MD, MPH, Director, Office of Minority Health and Public Health Programs, Virginia Department of Health

Rene Cabral-Daniels, JD, MPH, VP Grants, Williamsburg Community Health Foundation

Michel Zajur, President and CEO, Virginia Hispanic Chamber of Commerce

Aida Pacheco, Program Administration Specialist, Virginia Community College System

Jose Paiz, Community Housing Officer, Virginia Housing Development Authority

Andres Tobar, Chair, Virginia Coalition of Latino Organizations (VACOLAO)

Dana G. Schrad, Executive Director, Virginia Association of Chiefs of Police

Eddie Reyes, Captain, Alexandria Police Department

Tim Freilich, Legal Director, Legal Aid Justice Center



Virginia Latino Advisory Board

Advocating for the Interests of Latinos across the Commonwealth

Dear Sindy Benavides and VLAB members:

I want to join you Sindy, and express my most sincere appreciation to all VLAB members for the outstanding work that made our Governor's Latino Summit 2008 a dream come true.

As we all heard the Honorable Walter Tejada tell the story, after the first summit several years ago, our community had talked about doing a follow up state wide event for quite a while. Thanks to the Virginia Latino Advisory Board members, we made this dream a reality this year!!

I want to specially thank our Executive Board members, Mrs. Gaby Rengifo, Mr. Peter Loach and Dr. Kris Tilley-Lubbs for their unconditional commitment to our project and for the support they gave me.

Special appreciation should be given to our members that chaired each one of our sessions during the summit, Mr. Doug Garcia, Mr. Michel Zajur, Dr. Rene Cabral Daniels, Dr. Michael Royster, Mr. Andres Tobar and Captain Eddie Reyes. All the speakers were excellent!

Our thanks go also to Mrs. Leni Gonzalez, Dr. Maricel Quintana-Baker, Mrs. Gaby Rengifo, Mrs. Marjorie Burdetsky and Ms. Marcie Rengifo, an outstanding logistics team!! Ms. Maribel Ramos, Mr. Esteban Nieto and Ms. Sindy Benavides and I worked to get the press releases out to the media.

I had the pleasure to work closely with Dr. Mirta Martin to arrange our usage of JTCC for our board meeting and to coordinate with her, Dr. Smith and her participation during our program.

Beatriz Amberman
Chair
Virginia Latino Advisory Board

Introduction

Overview

The Virginia Latino Advisory Commission (VLAC) was created by Executive Order in October of 2003 by former Governor Mark R. Warner to provide information about the growing Latino community in the Commonwealth of Virginia. The VLAC was signed into law and made a permanent board two years later on October 15, 2005.

Today the Virginia Latino Advisory Board (VLAB) serves at the pleasure of Governor Tim Kaine so that his administration can best serve the Latino constituents of Virginia. The VLAB meets four times a year to hear from local communities across the state, to discuss issues facing Latinos in Virginia, and to develop reports articulating their recommendations to the Governor on matters such as health, business, and education.

The Board consists of 21 citizen members appointed by the Governor, 15 who must be of Latino descent. The initial appointments of VLAB members are staggered to include seven members for a one-year term, six members for a two-year term, five members for a three-year term, and three members for a four-year term. After the initial staggering of terms, board members will serve a term of four years.

The Virginia Latino Advisory Board was created in recognition of one of the fastest growing ethnic groups in Virginia and the nation as a whole. The mission of the VLAB is to serve these Virginians who enrich our state and to call upon government officials, local communities, and all constituents to take part in the positive changes that are making Virginia an even better place to live.

Authority

CHAPTER 636

An Act to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Chapter 24 of Title 2.2 an article numbered 21, consisting of sections numbered [2.2-2459](#), [2.2-2460](#), and [2.2-2461](#), relating to the Latino Advisory Board..

[H 2420]

Approved March 23, 2005

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Chapter 24 of Title 2.2 an article numbered 21, consisting of sections numbered [2.2-2459](#), [2.2-2460](#), and [2.2-2461](#), as follows:

*Article 21.
Latino Advisory Board.*

§ [2.2-2459](#). *Latino Advisory Board; membership; terms; compensation and expenses.*

A. *The Latino Advisory Board (the Board) is established as an advisory board, within the meaning of § [2.2-2100](#), in the executive branch of state government. The Board shall consist of 21 nonlegislative citizen members, at least 15 of whom shall be of Latino descent, who shall be appointed by the Governor and serve at*

his pleasure. In addition, the Secretaries of the Commonwealth, Commerce and Trade, Education, Health and Human Resources, Public Safety, and Transportation, or their designees shall serve as ex officio members without voting privileges. All members shall be residents of the Commonwealth.

B. After the initial staggering of terms, nonlegislative citizen members shall be appointed for a term of four years. Appointments to fill vacancies shall be for the unexpired terms. No member shall be eligible to serve more than two successive four-year terms; however, after the expiration of the remainder of a term to which a member was appointed to fill a vacancy, two additional terms may be served by such member if appointed thereto.

C. The Board shall elect from its membership a chairman and vice chairman. A majority of the members of the Board shall constitute a quorum. Meetings of the Board shall be limited to four per year and shall be held upon the call of the chairman or whenever the majority of the members so request.

D. Members of the Board shall receive no compensation for their services, but shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as provided in §§ [2.2-2813](#) and [2.2-2825](#).

§ [2.2-2460](#). Powers and duties; acceptance of gifts and grants.

A. The Board shall have the power and duty to:

1. Advise the Governor regarding the development of economic, professional, cultural, educational, and governmental links between the Commonwealth of Virginia, the Latino community in Virginia, and Latin America;

2. Undertake studies, symposiums, research, and factual reports to gather information to formulate and present recommendations to the Governor relative to issues of concern and importance to the Latino community in the Commonwealth; and

3. Advise the Governor as needed regarding any statutory, regulatory, or other issues of importance to the Latino community in the Commonwealth.

B. The Board may apply for, accept, and expend gifts, grants, or donations from public or private sources to enable it to carry out its objectives.

§ [2.2-2461](#). Staff; cooperation from other state agencies.

The Office of the Governor shall serve as staff to the Board. All agencies of the Commonwealth shall assist the Board upon request.

2. That the intent of this act is to codify the Latino Advisory Commission, which exists pursuant to an executive order of the Governor, as the Latino Advisory Board, a permanent advisory board in the executive branch.

3. That the initial appointments of nonlegislative citizen members in accordance with this act shall be staggered as follows: seven members for a one-year term, six members for a two-year term, five members for a three-year term, and three members for a four-year term.

4. That the provisions of this act shall become effective on October 15, 2005.

2008 Meetings

Board Meeting Dates & Locations

January 1, 2008 - 12:00 p.m. – 5:00 p.m. –

*City of Richmond Hispanic Liaison Office, 4100 Hull Street Road, Conference Room A
Richmond, VA 23224*

February 29, 2008 - 12:00 p.m. – 5:00 p.m.

*Department of Motor Vehicles, 2300 West Broad Street, Room 119,
Richmond, VA 23220*

April 4, 2008 - 12:00 p.m. – 5:00 p.m. –Lack of Quorum

*Eastern Shore Community College, 29300 Lankford Highway, Room B77
Melfa, VA 23410*

April 18, 2008 - 12:00 p.m. – 4:00 p.m.

*Department of Motor Vehicles, 2300 West Broad Street, Room 119,
Richmond, VA 23220*

June 6, 2008 – 12:00 p.m. – 4:00 p.m.

*Department of Motor Vehicles, 2300 West Broad Street, Room 119,
Richmond, VA 23220*

July 25, 2008 – 1:00 p.m. – 4:00 p.m.

*Department of Motor Vehicles, 2300 West Broad Street, 7th Floor, Richmond, VA 23220, Conference
Room 702*

September 5, 2008 - 1:00 a.m. – 5:00 p.m. – Lack of Quorum

*John Tyler Community College, 13101 Jefferson Davis Highway,
Nicholas Student Center, Chester, Virginia 23831*

October 14, 2008 - 12:00 p.m. – 4:00 p.m.

*City of Richmond Hispanic Liaison Office, 4100 Hull Street Road, Conference Room A
Richmond, VA 23224*

Demographics

The current Latino presence is fairly new to the Commonwealth. It is important to note however that remote origins date back centuries to as early as 1570 when Spanish navigation of the Chesapeake and short-lived settlement in the Tidewater occurred, at least more than a generation before the English founded Jamestown. Around World War II, Latino communities arose in the Washington, D.C. area stimulated in part by the capital's diplomatic sector. The Latino population now represents a significant portion of Virginia's population. From 1990 to 2004, the Latino population in Virginia has swelled 161%. In 2004 the Latino population of 418,130 represented 6% of Virginia's total population (Andrade, Jr. 375). Today, the population is estimated to be 479,530 or approximately 6.27% of the total population. If it was possible to account for undocumented Latinos in Virginia, this would increase the official number of Latinos in Virginia by one-third.¹

The Latino population is a vital part of Virginia's population that fills an integral role in the state's economy, providing an essential labor force. Among other things, it is important to note:

- 54% of Latinos were foreign-born
- 31% of the Latino population was under 18 years of age, comprising 7% of all persons in this age category
- The median age for Latinos was 27.6 and 38.7 for Whites
- 69% of Latino Spanish-speakers 5 years and older spoke English well or very well
- Virginia had the 2nd lowest rate of Latino poverty nationwide.²

As a group however, Latinos, documented and undocumented alike, are now facing a growing number of barriers. Due in part to the rapid growth of the Latino population in Virginia, elected officials at all levels of government have sparked many political debates as to how localities and the state should tackle the problem of an influx of undocumented citizens to their areas and the Commonwealth.

In order to address the needs of the Latino Community, the state government has developed some measures to address the influx of immigrants to the state. The Virginia Commission on Immigration as well as the Illegal Immigration Task Force under the Crime Commission are two recent ways the state has begun to address immigration in Virginia. The Latino population faces many stumbling blocks as immigration continues to increase in Virginia. Nevertheless, the Latino population is an essential component of Virginia's population, such that Virginians must realize and address the growing importance of this group of people to the state's productivity, diversity and future.

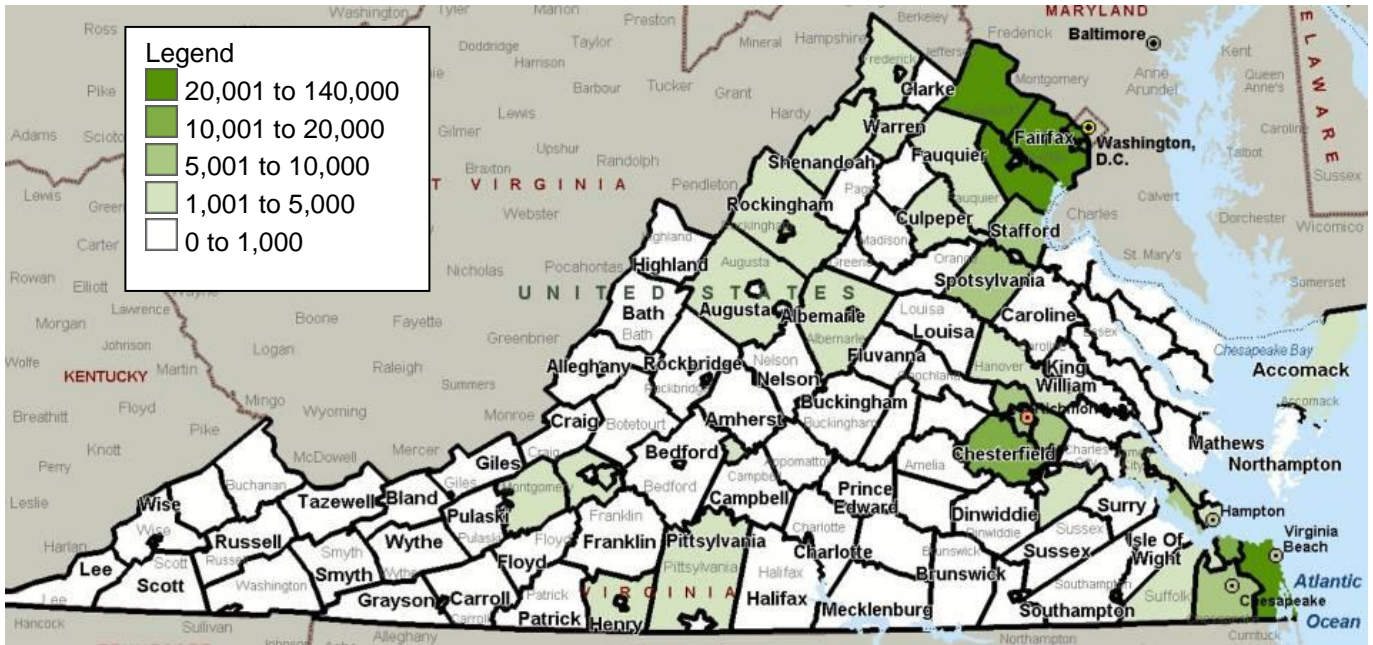
The following maps and graphs provide the most recent data on the number and percentage of Latinos in Virginia. *Map I: Hispanic/Latino Population by County* shows the number of Latinos per county. *Map II: Percentage of Hispanic/Latino Population by County* provides a different perspective as it lists the Latino population as a percentage of the total citizens in each city/county. The subsequent table provides more specific data for the Latino population in each county. For each county, the table provides its total population, its Hispanic total population, the Hispanic population's total percentage of each county's population and each

¹ The Pew Hispanic Center estimates that the undocumented population in Virginia is between 250,000 to 300,000. This figure includes all undocumented populations in Virginia and does not solely reflect figures representative of only the Latino community.

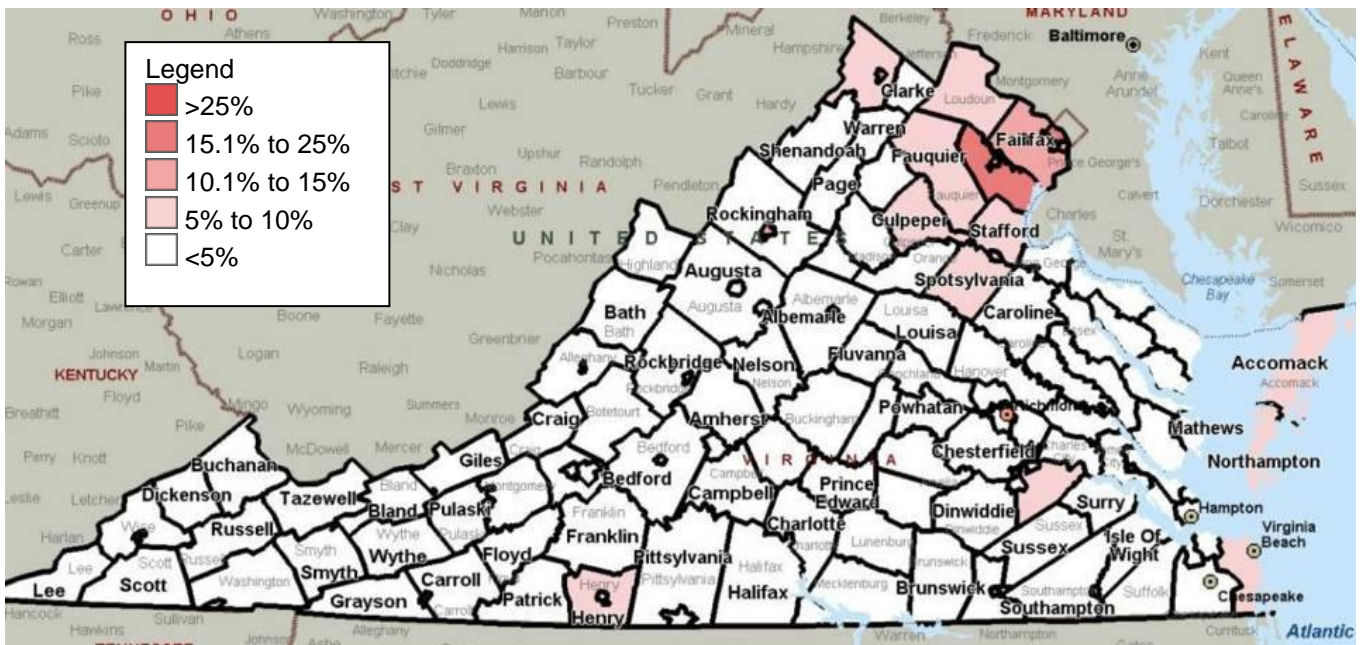
² 2004 American Community Survey

county's Hispanic population as a percentage of Virginia's total Hispanic population. These maps and table reflect the population characteristics of the known Hispanic population in Virginia.

Map I: Hispanic/Latino Population by County

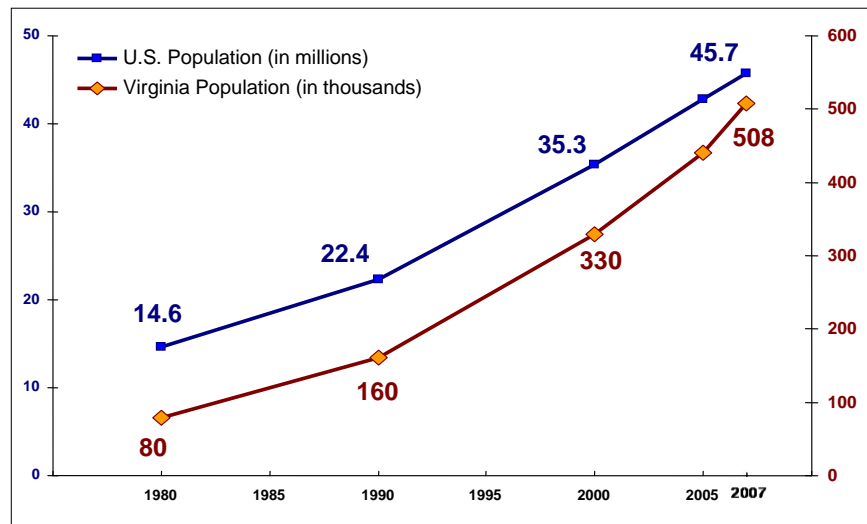


Map II: Percentage of Hispanic/Latino Population by County



Governor's Latino Summit 2008 Key Findings from the Demographic Session

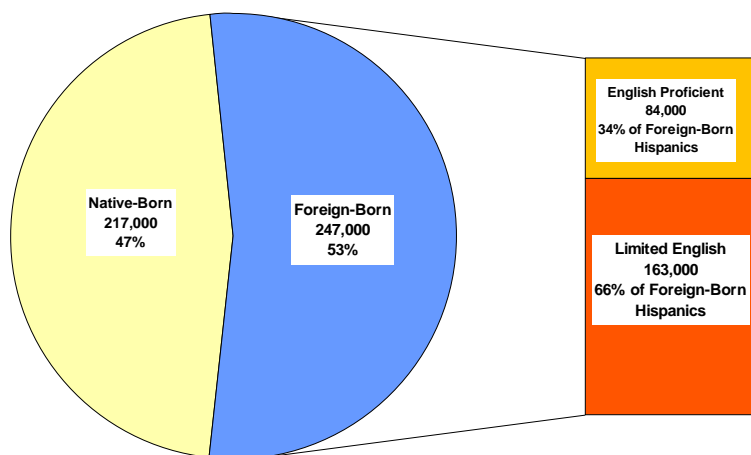
Hispanic Population Growth in the U.S. and Virginia



Pew
Hispanic
Center

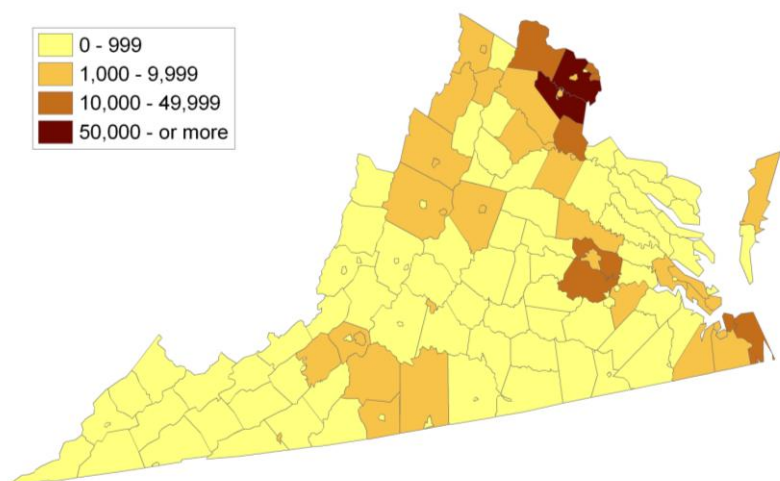
Virginia Hispanic Population by Nativity & English Proficiency: 2006

Total Hispanic Population — 466,000



Pew
Hispanic
Center

Hispanic Population in Virginia by County: 2007



Pew
Hispanic
Center

Education

Recommendations

The Education portion of the Governor's Latino Summit 2008 was composed of two sessions. The first session allowed for service providers in attendance the opportunity to look at data of Latinos in our K-12 system and how this particular group compares to other students in our public schools. The second session was tailored to provide the audience a first look at a new resource that will help students navigate the Higher Ed system called the Virginia Education Wizard. The Virginia Education Wizard will be available to all students to assist them in the College application process. Below are summaries of both education presentations provided to attendees at the Governor's Latino Summit.

Department of Education

Demographics

From 1997 to 2007, English Language Learner (ELL) enrollment across the Commonwealth rose by 244%. The ELL enrollment for the 2007-2008 school year was 84,344, which was 7.36% of the total student population in Virginia. Superintendent's region IV had the highest enrollment at 65,534 students. Superintendent's region II had the second highest enrollment at 4,200 students. The most commonly spoken language by ELLs in Virginia is Spanish at 57% in 2007-2008.

Provision of Services

The *Code of Virginia* provides for English as a Second Language (ESL) instruction to LEP students §22.1-212.1 states in part: "School boards shall endeavor to provide instruction in the English language which shall be designed to promote the education of students for whom English is a second language." The *Regulations*

Establishing Standards for Accrediting Public Schools in Virginia (8 VAC 20-131-10 et. seq.) set high achievement expectations for all students, including LEP students. The *No Child Left Behind Act of 2001* requires states to increase English language proficiency and acquisition of academic content in reading, mathematics, and science for LEP students. [*Public Law 107-110, Section 1111(b), 3102*]

Most Common ESL Instructional Program Types in Virginia

ESL Approach

English as a second language (ESL) is an educational approach in which English language learners are instructed in the use of the English language. Their instruction is based on a special curriculum that involves little or no use of the native language, focuses on language (as opposed to content), and is usually taught during specific school periods or as part of the mainstream curriculum.

[*U.S. General Accounting Office, 1994*]

Sheltered English Approach (Content-based Instruction)

An instructional approach used to make academic instruction in English understandable to English language learners. The goal is for the student to acquire proficiency in English and the content areas. Sheltered English instruction differs from ESL in that English is not taught as a language with a focus on learning the language. Rather, content knowledge and skills and English language proficiency are the goals.

[*National Clearinghouse for Bilingual Education, 1997*]

Achievement of ELLs on the Standards of Learning (SOL) for the 2007-2008 School Year

Standards of Learning (SOL) language arts/reading assessment

ELLs pass rate – 79% ; Hispanic pass rate – 81%

Standards of Learning (SOL) for mathematics

ELLs pass rate – 75%; Hispanic pass rate – 75%

Standards of Learning (SOL) for science

ELLs pass rate - 74%; Hispanic pass rate – 78%

Standards of Learning (SOL) for history/social science

ELLs pass rate – 77%; Hispanic pass rate – 79%

Achievement of ELLs on the English Language Proficiency Assessment for the 2006-2007 School Year

Progress: 85% of ELLs made progress in acquiring English.

Proficiency: 43% of ELLs demonstrated proficiency in English.

Virginia Education Wizard

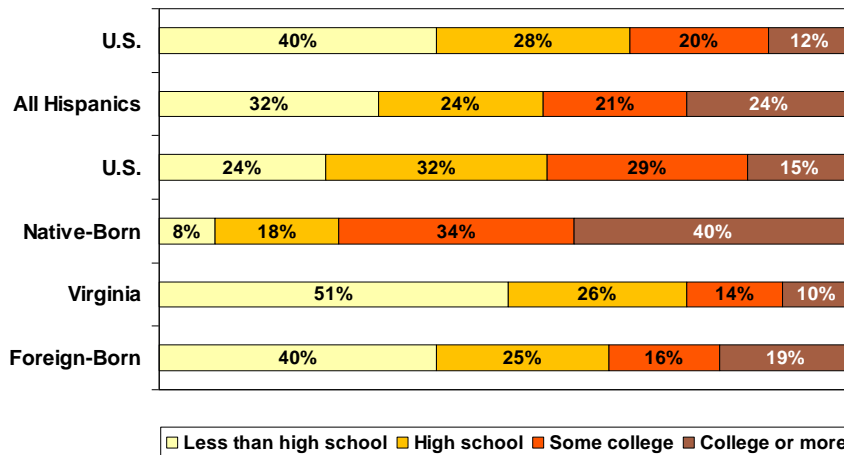
The Virginia Education Wizard is expected to be launched in early 2009, and will provide a set of comprehensive and individually tailored information on the breadth of career and educational options that stem from the offerings of Virginia's Community Colleges. Specifically, the *Wizard* will enhance the decision-making power of Virginians by providing information aimed at helping users in: selecting a career, determining the appropriate major or program that leads to their desired career, estimating and comparing the cost of attending colleges and universities throughout Virginia, finding and applying for financial aid, identifying transfer pathways from Virginia's Community Colleges to four-year institutions, and applying for admission to Virginia's Community Colleges. Since the Governor's Latino Summit, additional features have been added, testing has been conducted with students, faculty, and counselors, and a structure for marketing the Wizard has been established. To receive a personal message when the Wizard is launched, visit www.VaWizard.org.

Virginia School Enrollment, K-12: 1990 and 2007

	Total	Hispanic	Non-Hispanic
Enrollment (thousands)			
1990	1,001	27	974
2007	1,275	89	1,186
Share in enrollment			
1990	100%	2.7%	97.3%
2007	100%	7.0%	93.0%
Change in enrollment			
Change (thousands)	274	62	212
Percent Change	27%	230%	22%



Virginia Adult Educational Attainment by Race & Nativity: 2006



Healthcare

Recommendations

Dr. Remley, Commissioner of Health, provided information regarding the findings from the Governor's Work Group on Early Childhood Initiatives. The presentation focused on infant mortality. Policy recommendations related to decreasing Virginia's high infant mortality rate include the following:

- Greater attention and resources should be allocated to the issue of infant mortality. It is a silent epidemic that takes the lives of more children than any other cause.
- Because the data suggest a direct correlation between a mother's years of education and the rate of infant deaths, increasing the years of education for women will likely correspond to an improvement in Virginia's infant mortality rate. In other words, funding efforts to educate women positively impact the Commonwealth's infant mortality rate.
- Educational programs designed to reduce infant mortality should certainly include medical recommendations such as the importance of good prenatal nutrition, including folate and the delivery of quality prenatal care, child and family immunization rates, but should also focus on maternal health behaviors/effects, tobacco/alcohol/substance use; environmental issues, stress, obesity, racism, etc.
- Future health policy efforts should focus on
 - educating all providers of the importance of safe sleep, back to sleep and brain growth in utero;
 - increasing healthcare access by funding the Virginia Share Program and increasing awareness of Medicaid coverage;
 - determining when/where pregnancy diagnosed and use as first "prenatal visit"; and
 - re-evaluating current approaches- collaboration with additional community resources- churches, sororities, etc.

Dr. Royster, Director of the Office of Minority Health and Public Health Policy presented along with Dr. Remley. His part of the session was entitled, "Promoting Health and Health Equity Among Latinos". Dr Royster's session explored the role social determinants of health play in health equity. Health policy recommendations made during his presentation include the following:

- The "Latino Paradox," refers to the fact that although Latinos have a lower socioeconomic status relative to non-Latinos, their mortality and morbidity rates are actually lower. Their lower mortality rate reflects a combination of factors that seem to play a role in buffering the deleterious effects of poverty, limited education, and marginalization among many Latinos. Yet research also shows that as immigrants remain in the U.S. longer, their health deteriorates. Therefore, health policymakers need to focus on promoting health and health equity among Latinos because health risks will likely increase as they remain in the U.S. longer.
- The greatest barrier to access to healthcare is lack of health insurance. Latinos have significantly lower rates of health insurance coverage which precludes their ability to receive care in general, and preventive care in particular. Efforts to cover the uninsured should target the Latino population.
- Community involvement in health policy decisions is imperative. Health policies should be based on what the local community identifies as its priorities. Identifying these priorities would require developing equitable partnerships with the local Latino community, to include residents, community leaders, and service providers. Efforts to engage the Latino community should look beyond traditional health services and also address some of the broader issues that influence the health of community members, such as mental health, domestic violence, discrimination, job opportunities, housing, etc.

Economy

Recommendations

Hispanic Business

Virginia needs a dynamic and skilled world-class workforce that meets the needs of workers and employers throughout the Commonwealth and our nation. Virginia's Hispanic population fills many of the voids in today's labor market by ensuring a globally competitive business environment in Virginia. There are approximately 2 million Hispanic-owned businesses in the country that generate almost \$300 billion in annual gross receipts. Virginia has been rated the number one state to do business in the United States from 2006-2008 according to Forbes.com.

According to a March 22, 2006, article in the *Washington Post*, Hispanic owned business has increased 67% in the past nine years. Northern Virginia/DC reported to be leading the nation with an increase in Hispanic-owned

technical/professional services at 12.6%. That figure was followed by Los Angeles at 8.2% and Houston at 6.1%. Additionally, the national growth rate for Hispanic-owned business is (do we have a specific #) compared to Virginia's growth rate being 20% higher. Virginia's Hispanic Business has a growing positive impact in our Commonwealth's economy.

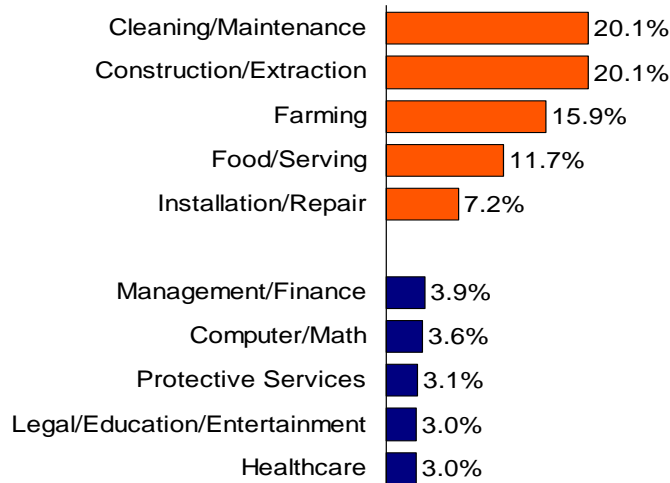
Workforce

- 90% of the fastest growing jobs will require some form of postsecondary education.
- Business is spending billions each year to train new employees and remediate the educational skill gaps of those already in the workforce.
- The American workforce is aging – 77 million baby boomers are set to retire over the next several decades.
- The current lack of U.S. trained scientists and engineers is a direct threat to the leadership of U.S. innovation.

Legislation and Globalization

Virginia needs to do business with the world in order to stay competitive. Being conscious of this fact, legislation should not be “short-sighted” when implemented. Careful consideration of the merits should outweigh fears. Additionally, workforce availability requires a talented and viable pool of bilingual candidates, individuals with a diverse range of expertise, professional backgrounds and competency; therefore, development and growth of this sector is necessary for overall future success within the Commonwealth.

Hispanic Share of Employment for Selected Occupations, 2006: 5 Highest and Lowest



Public Safety

Recommendations

Working day-to-day with immigrant communities can sometimes be challenging for law enforcement agencies across the United States who often face language barriers and cultural differences, not to mention political pressure from the highest levels of municipal governments. But if done right, there is no greater reward than a thriving and diverse community where most will trust and work with law enforcement towards the highest levels of quality of life. Trust is the most crucial ingredient of any community-based solution, yet it is not earned overnight. It takes years of firm, fair and honest treatment of all persons in the community. But when the sincere focus of any law enforcement agency is human rights, treating all with dignity and respect, this magical phenomenon of “trusting the police” begins to occur almost automatically.

Law Enforcement

Here are some key issues to consider from the perspective of law enforcement.

- High quality of life in any community can be attained by focusing on the family.
- The strategy that works best is one that is addressed by multi-disciplinary agencies in collaboration with the private sector.
- Having regular community meetings at neutral locations, such as schools or faith-based organizations promotes collaboration.
- Most Hispanic immigrants come from countries where law enforcement is often corrupt or often abuse human rights. Consequently, those who recently arrived in the Commonwealth have a natural tendency to mistrust the police.
- A common myth is that strict immigration enforcement leads to lower crime. In fact, it can lead to a higher crime rate because it often goes unreported by undocumented persons for fear of being deported. Criminals can operate in a comfort zone because they know victims are not likely to report a crime (especially when the suspect knows the victim is undocumented and threatens the victim with getting them deported).
- Alcoholism and alcohol-related offenses are often common in these communities, therefore, education and treatment need to be major components of any solutions.
- Human rights begin at the highest levels of government. If the highest levels of municipal government do not focus on trust and human rights, it should not be expected from the law enforcement agency.
- Most immigrant communities are willing participants in search of leadership.
- Some of the best partners when working with immigrant communities are schools, faith-based organizations and community-based organizations, coupled with law enforcement agencies that have a thorough understanding of most issues in the community.
- It is very important to work with the Spanish media to broadcast significant events and news and is often the catalyst towards the trust building effort.
- Having bilingual personnel and literature demonstrates a municipality's commitment towards achieving the highest quality of life in any community.

Immigration Status

In order for law enforcement and other service providers in Virginia to reach our immigrant communities effectively, it is important to understand the fear that exists right now among many of Virginia's immigrants due to their immigration status.

This fear exists for three primary reasons: Increased immigration enforcement by federal agents; increased involvement of state and local police in the enforcement of federal immigration law; and a climate of fear created by candidates and elected officials who attack immigrants in an effort to gain political support.

The fear in our communities is real, and we need to work together with our immigrant communities to rebuild the trust that has been severely tested during the past year if we wish to effectively reach out to these communities. Specifically, we need:

- Comprehensive immigration reform on the federal level that recognizes the contributions of immigrants to the diversity and strength of our communities;
- Local police need to focus on keeping our communities safe and secure. They should not divert our limited law enforcement resources away from fighting crime and towards chasing hardworking immigrants.
 - Enforcement of civil violations of federal immigration law is a federal responsibility.
 - Successful community policing efforts depend on a relationship of trust between law enforcement and our immigrant communities.
- We need law enforcement, service providers, employers, and other concerned Virginians to speak out in defense of our tradition as a nation of immigrants.

APPENDIX

Summit 2008 Program

Who: Service providers to the Latino community in Virginia

What: Information sessions, resources, networking reception

Why: To supply information and resources to service providers working with the Latino population about the following areas:

- Demographics
- Education
- Health and Human Resources
- Public Safety and Law Enforcement
- Economic Development

Plenary Sessions:

Shifting Demographics In Virginia: The Latino Dimension

Susan Minushkin, Assistant Director, Pew Hispanic Center, Washington, DC

Session I:

Tools to Optimize Education for Latinos

Judy Radford, ESL Coordinator, Virginia Department of Education
Craig Herndon, Director of Career and Educational Resources, Virginia Community College System

Session II:

Tools to Access Healthcare Services and Eliminate Barriers

Karen Remley, MD, MBA, FAAP, Commissioner, Virginia Department of Health
Michael Royster, MD, MPH, Director, Office of Minority Health and Public Health Programs, Virginia Department of Health
Rene Cabral-Daniels, JD, MPH, VP Grants, Williamsburg Community Health Foundation

Lunch

Remarks by the Honorable Timothy M. Kaine, Governor of the Commonwealth of Virginia (to be confirmed)

Session III

Tools to Help Latinos Achieve Economic Prosperity

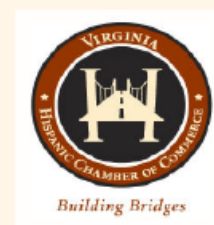
Michel Zajur, President and CEO, Virginia Hispanic Chamber of Commerce
Aida Pacheco, Program Administration Specialist, Virginia Community College System
Jose Paiz, Community Housing Officer, Virginia Housing Development Authority

Session IV

Tools to Promote Public Safety In the Latino Community

Dana G. Schrad, Executive Director, Virginia Association of Chiefs of Police
Eddie Reyes, Captain, Alexandria Police Department
Tim Freilich, Legal Director, Legal Aid Justice Center

Networking Reception



JOHN *Tyler* COMMUNITY COLLEGE

13101 JEFFERSON DAVIS HWY
 CHESTER, VA 23831-5316



Virginia Latino Advisory Board

Advocating for the Interests of Latinos Across the Commonwealth

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THE GOVERNOR'S 2008 LATINO SUMMIT

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

August 18, 2008

The Virginia Latino Advisory Board will host a Summit to inform service providers regarding state services and resources that are available to all Virginians specifically focusing on the Latino population in the areas of education, health and human resources, public safety, housing and workforce issues. Those attending will gain information and resources that will be invaluable in their work with the Latino community.

The Summit will be held:

Friday, September 19, 2008
9:00 am. – 4:30pm
John Tyler Community College
13101 Jefferson Davis Highway
Chester, VA 23831-5316

According to the U.S. Census Bureau, the Latino community in Virginia more than doubled between 1990 and 2006 -- from a population of about 160,000 to 470,871 in 2006 - and comprises approximately 6% of the state's population. In fact, Latinos are among the fastest- growing ethnic groups in the state, with native-born U.S. citizens of Latino heritage coming here from all parts of the country, and foreign-born residents coming from all over the world.

“The members of the Virginia Latino Advisory Board are proud to serve as a conduit to empower service providers to address the needs of our community. We appreciate the Governor's support in our efforts to improve the life of Latinos in our Commonwealth,” said Board Chair Beatriz Amberman.

The Latino Advisory Board was created to advise the Governor regarding the development of economic, professional, cultural, educational, and governmental links between the Commonwealth of Virginia, the Latino community in Virginia, and Latin America. Board members are appointed by the Governor and conduct meetings, hearings, and briefings across the Commonwealth. The goal of the Board is to ensure that the specific needs of the growing Latino population are being met by our elected officials.

This event is free and open to the public. Pre-registration is required, and available on a first come first serve basis. Please visit www.vlab.virginia.gov to register and for more information.



La Comisión Asesora de Asuntos Latinos de Virginia

El Abogar para los intereses de Latinos en Virginia

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CUMBRE INFORMATIVA 2008 DEL GOBERNADOR

Para Distribución Inmediata

27 de Agosto del 2008

La Comisión Asesora de Asuntos Latinos de Virginia tendrá una conferencia para informar a proveedores de servicios de la comunidad Latina sobre servicios y recursos disponibles para todos los Virginianos. Nuestra conferencia se enfocará en los servicios para la población Latina en las áreas de educación, salud, recursos humanos, seguridad pública, asuntos de vivienda y asuntos de labor. Los que asistirán tendrán información y recursos que serán invaluableles en su trabajo con la comunidad Latina.

La conferencia se llevará a cabo:

El Viernes, 19 de Setiembre del 2008
9:00 am. – 4:30pm
John Tyler Community College
13101 Jefferson Davis Highway
Chester, VA 23831-5316

Según el Censo de los Estados Unidos, la comunidad Latina en Virginia creció desde 1990 al 2006 – desde una población de 160,000 a 470,871 en 2006 – y es aproximadamente 6% de la población en Virginia. La comunidad Latina es el grupo étnico que ha tenido mayor crecimiento, una población de Latinos Americanos que vienen a nuestro estado de todas partes del país, y inmigrantes que vienen de todo el mundo.

“Los miembros de la Comisión Asesora de Asuntos Latinos de Virginia están orgullosos de servir como un conducto para educar a proveedores de servicios de la comunidad Latina. “Nosotros apreciamos el apoyo que el Gobernador nos brinda para mejorar la vida de Latinos en nuestro estado” dijo la presidente de la Comisión Beatriz Amberman.

La Comisión Asesora de Asuntos Latinos de Virginia fue creada para aconsejar a el gobernador sobre el desarrollo de asuntos económicos, profesionales, culturales, educativos, y gubernamentales entre Virginia, la comunidad Latina en Virginia y America Latina. Miembros de la comisión son designados por el gobernador y conducen reuniones, audiencias, e informes en Virginia. La meta de la Comisión es asegurar que las necesidades específicas de la comunidad Latina están siendo resueltas por nuestros funcionarios electos.

Este evento es gratuito y abierto al público. Se requiere el pre-registro, favor de registrarse lo más pronto posible. Cupo limitado para 300 personas. Por favor visite www.vlab.virginia.gov para registrarse y para más información.



Virginia Latino Advisory Board

Advocating for the Interests of Latinos across the Commonwealth

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VIRGINIA LATINO ADVISORY BOARD TO MEET APRIL 4TH IN THE EASTERN SHORE

~ Board to discuss issues that affect Latino Virginians ~

RICHMOND - The Virginia Latino Advisory Board will meet on April 4th for the first time in the Eastern Shore. Health and education of migrant workers and data on the undocumented population are among the topics to be presented at the meeting. Presenters include Ms. Deborah J. Daniels, Coordinator for Even Start Program, Ms. Nancy J. Stern, BS, C.H.E.S., Chief Executive Officer, Eastern Shore Rural Health System Inc. and, Mr. Michael Cassidy, Executive Director of the Commonwealth Institute.

For the past three years the Board has held meetings with the community across the state. According to the latest U.S. Census, the Latino community in Virginia is approximately 6.27 percent of the state population. Latinos are among the fastest growing ethnic groups in Virginia and represent native-born U.S. citizens from all parts of the country, and foreign-born residents from all over the world. Virginia's Latino community represents a diversity of cultures and languages, unique needs and skills, countless contributions, and endless potential for the Commonwealth.

The Virginia Latino Advisory Board is charged with the duty to advise the Governor regarding the development of economic, professional, cultural, educational, and governmental links between the Commonwealth of Virginia, the Latino community in Virginia, and Latin America. The Board is working on a possible Governor's Latino Summit targeting community service providers that work with Virginia's Latino families and workers across the Commonwealth. The Summit is tentatively scheduled for Fall of 2008 in Central Richmond.

Friday, April 4, 2008

What: VLAB Meeting in the Eastern Shore
When: 12:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m.
Where: Eastern Shore Community College
29300 Lankford Highway
Room B77
Melfa, VA 23410

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**Governor's Latino Summit 2008 * September 19, 2008 * Richmond, Virginia
Pre-Registered**

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**Governor's Latino Summit 2008 * September 19, 2008 * Richmond, Virginia
Registrations on site**

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Survey Analysis

Governor's Latino Summit 2008 - Participant Questionnaire

Total number of participants pre-registered: 313

Participants registered on site: 26

Total number of service providers registered: 339

Voluntary surveys answered # 69

Education: 21 surveys

Public Schools Systems Represented:

Prince William County; Arlington; Richmond; Albemarle County; Petersburg; Chesterfield County.

Estimated number of clients that these organizations serve in a month: 125,000 students.

Percentage of Latino students served varies in the different localities, between 1% (Arlington, Petersburg), 5% (Albemarle County).

Richmond Public Schools Office of ESL Parent Liaison reports 98% of their student population of 200 to be of Hispanic/Latino origin

Universities and Educational Organizations:

Virginia Tech University, Virginia Tech Hispanic Caucus, Virginia Tech Office of Equity and Inclusion, Blue Ridge Community College, Norfolk State University, Eastern Mennonite University, The Arc of the Piedmont.

The Chesterfield County Public Library estimates serving 160,000 clients per month, 5% of them Latino.

The College Board serves to connect students to colleges. Through their National Hispanic Scholar Recognition Program, they serve 3 million students annually and 2,500 schools.

When asked about having Spanish speakers on site and whether they had service providers who worked directly with the Latino community, the great majority of institutions participating in our survey responded in the affirmative. They also expressed their need for more people with foreign language skills.

11 participants rated the summit as excellent and 10 as good.

Health: 13 surveys

Organizations Represented:

Virginia Department of Health, approximately 500 clients per month, 250 of them Latinos.

Virginia Department of Health Division of Chronic Disease Prevention and Control, the majority of their clients are adult populations over the age of 18.

Winchester Medical Center, offers access to pre-natal care and sees over 3,000 patients per month. Average age 25.

Bon Secours Rich Health System, 2,000 clients per month, 75% Latinos, equal number of Males and females, children and adults. The majority of clients under 30 years of age.

Bon Secours Care-A-Van, average clients per month 300, 90% Latino.

VCU Health Careers, pre-health programs geared toward minority and economically disadvantaged and rural students grades 4 through undergraduate.

VCU Department of Health Administration, average students' age is 24.

VCU Health Systems, 30 to 40 clients per month, 95% Latino.

Virginia Center for Behavioral Rehabilitation, is a treatment center for civilly committed sexual violent predators. They average 100 clients per month, 300 beds, do not collect data regarding the percentage of clients/residents that are Latino.

Chesterfield County Domestic and Sexual Violence Resource Center, offers victim advocacy services. The predominant age of the Latino population served is between the ages of 26 to 40 years of age.

Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Action Alliance. Serves approximately 3,500 clients per month. No Latino data available.

Cross Over Ministry Inc., offers health care services for people at or below the 200% the poverty line and without insurance. 50 to 60 % of their clients are Latino. They have 3 clinics.

Alexandria Head Start, The Campagna Center. Comprehensive services offered such as health, and education for low income families and children ranging from ages 0-5. The organization serves approximately 1000 families. Head Start program serves 362 low income families.

When asked about having Spanish speakers on site and whether they had service providers who worked directly with the Latino community, all the institutions participating in our survey responded in the affirmative except for one. They also expressed a need for more personal with foreign language skills.

7 participants rated the summit as excellent and 6 as good.

Community/Human Resources/Mentoring: 13 surveys

Organizations Represented:

City of Richmond Hispanic Liaison Office, serves approximately 1000 clients per month, 90% of them Latino. They offer information, referral, interpreting and translation services for city departments. They provide outreach and information dissemination for the community.

City of Richmond Early Childhood Development, on average they serve 100 clients per month. Between 5 to 15% of them are Latino. They offer parenting education, workshops and programs.

United Way, 2-1-1 VA, offers information and referral services for human services, about 10% of their clients are Latinos.

Virginia Cooperative Extension, serves approx. 900 clients and 1 to 2% of them Latinos. Provides services to the community on parenting, economical and financial management, health and nutrition.

London Town Apartments, 693 units, approximately 2000 individuals, 70% Latino, mostly men between the ages of 20 to 35 years of age.

Telamon Corporation, provides services for workforce development, employment training, housing rehabilitation, weatherization, home ownership, pesticide and workplace safety training. 200 to 250 clients pr month, 85% Latino.

Rural Family Development, Migrant Head Start. Serves around 400families per year, 99% Latino, average age form birth to 5 years old.

Department of Mental Health RSAS, offers leadership and oversight in mental health, ID, and social assistance services around the state.. They are working on collecting more demographic data.

Families First, Chesterfield County, parenting, child development, connects families with resources in the community. They see approximately 84 clients per month, 30% Latino teen and adolescent females between the ages of 15 to 25, first time moms or new parents.

Community Outreach, (Arlington, VA), provide workshops, emergency management, referrals, assistance with forms. About 500 clients per month, 470 of them Latinos, 70% of them males ages 18 to 49.

United Way, Charlottesville, provides information, referral, child care and prescription assistance. 200 persons per month, 10 to 20% Latinos ages 20 to 30.

Big Brothers, Big Sisters, Charlottesville, mentors for children ages 5 to 14 years old.

Most organizations reported having Spanish speakers on site and service providers who worked directly with the Latino community. Some organizations had up to nine Spanish speakers, one works with outside interpreters, one uses community volunteers. For departments with offices around the state, they reported lack of translators in some locations.

3 participants rated the summit as excellent, 1 very good, and 9 as good

Public Safety/Legal/ Human Rights: 7

Organizations Represented:

Chesterfield Police Department, crime prevention, no Spanish speakers on site

Virginia Department Emergency Services, provide emergency assistance to localities in case of disasters in Virginia. They count with one Spanish speaker in Richmond. No known data about localities throughout the state with emergency respondents that speak Spanish.

ACLU, American Civil Liberties Union. Legal, lobbying, public education services, 2 Spanish speakers.

MADD, Mothers Against Drunk Drivers. Victim services, advocacy, educational programs. Spanish outreach available. (2 people from this organization answered the survey)

SHE, Shelter for Help in Emergency (Charlottesville). Shelter, legal outreach for abused women. Approximate people served in shelter, 25 women, 20 kids. Average outreach per month 27 women, 17 kids, 2 men. One Spanish speaker available.

LINC, Legal Information Network for Cancer. Legal debt management services for cancer patients and their care givers. Serves approximately 25 to 30 people per month. They are in the process of recruiting Spanish speaking translators.

4 participants rated the summit as excellent and 3 as good.

Language Translation/Interpreting: 4

Organizations Represented:

Monticello Area Community Action Agency. Interpreting, translating and support to Spanish speaking families. 213 clients . 26 Latino Children. (a total of 40 children were helped last year)

Spanish for the Workplace and Beyond. Offers occupational Spanish to English speakers and Survival English for Spanish speakers

International Rescue Committee provides services to 70 local contracting agencies, such as hospitals, schools, social services, courts, etc. They offer services to refugees. A good portion of their clients are Spanish speakers.

Bridging Community Communications. Spanish/English interpreting and translating services. Approximately 120 clients per month, 100% Latinos in their mid to late 20's.

3 participants rated the summit as excellent and 1 as good.

Faith Based Organizations: 4

Organizations Represented:

Amor y paz VMC, Winchester. Religious services, referrals to different social services

Lucha Ministries, Fredericksburg. Christian and spiritual support services, social ministry services such as food, transportation, translation. Community Advocacy. Serves between 75 to 100 people, 95 % Latino.

Willowwood Hispanic Ministry, (Willowwood Presbyterian Church USA.) Norfolk, VA

Provides ESL classes, computer literacy, community information services on radio, Spanish church services on Sunday. During peak times the ministry serves between 400 to 500 Latinos.

Our Lady of Mount Carmel Hispanic Ministry, Newport News, VA. No count is kept on the numbers of people served per month. They offer outreach and resource referrals, they also serve in an advisory role to the city manager.

1 participant rated the summit as excellent and 2 as good. One attendee rated the summit as average.

Economic/Financial/Labor: 4

Organizations Represented:

- Hispanic Chamber of Commerce, Richmond, VA**
- Hampton Roads Hispanic Chamber of Commerce.**
- Virginia Department of Labor, Winchester, VA**
- Internal Revenue Services, Richmond**

4 participants rated the summit as excellent.

Governor's Latino Summit 2008 ~ Participant Questionnaire ~

Dear Service Provider:

We hope you found the Summit to be useful and had an opportunity to make some great contacts that will help you in addressing the needs of the Latino community in the future. Please take a few minutes to fill out this questionnaire that will provide us with information on your organization and feedback on how to better serve you in the future.

Thank you for your participation in the Governor's Latino Summit 2008 and we look forward to continuing to work with you!

Name of Organization: _____ Contact Person: _____
Phone Number: _____ E-mail Address: _____
Mailing Address: _____

1. What topics would you like us to address at our next summit?

2. Did you find this summit to be informative? Why?

3. Please provide us with any suggestions on how the Virginia Latino Advisory Board can better meet the growing needs of the Latino community?

